Accepted Manuscript

Title: The heterogeneous impact of taxation on economic development: New insights from a panel cointegration approach

Authors: Dilek Durusu-Çiftçi, Korhan K. Gökmenoğlu, Hakan

Yetkiner

PII: S0939-3625(18)30318-2

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecosys.2018.01.001

Reference: ECOSYS 664

To appear in: Economic Systems

Received date: 19-8-2015 Revised date: 19-1-2018 Accepted date: 24-1-2018

Please cite this article as: Durusu-Çiftçi D, Gökmenoğlu KK, Yetkiner H, The heterogeneous impact of taxation on economic development: New insights from a panel cointegration approach, *Economic Systems* (2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecosys.2018.01.001

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



The heterogeneous impact of taxation on economic development: New insights from a panel cointegration approach

Dilek Durusu-Ciftçi^{a,*}, Korhan K. Gökmenoğlu^{b,**} and Hakan Yetkiner^{c,***}

^a Department of International Trade and Finance, Pamukkale University, 20070, Denizli,

Turkey

^b Department of Banking and Finance, Eastern Mediterranean University, Famagusta, North

Cyprus

^c Department of Economics, Izmir University of Economics, 35330, Izmir, Turkey

*E-mail address: dciftci@pau.edu.tr

** E-mail address: korhan.gokmenoglu@emu.edu.tr

***E-mail address: Hakan.Yetkiner@ieu.edu.tr

Highlights

In the theoretical part, we develop a stylized model based on Barro (1990), in which taxation has two contradictory roles in the standard Solow (1956) setup.

In the empirical part, the role of different tax types on growth is estimated using the common correlated effects panel cointegration approach, which allows for crosssectional dependencies.

The panel findings indicate that only consumption tax has a statistically significant negative effect on long-run income, though with a very small magnitude.

The type and sign of the tax coefficients become heterogeneous when country-specific results are considered.

Abstract

In this paper, we study the role of taxation on long-run income performance. In the theoretical part of the study, we develop a stylized model based on Barro (1990), in which income taxation has two contradictory roles in the standard Solow (1956) setup: on the one hand, taxation appropriates resources that would otherwise be used for physical capital

1

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8942309

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8942309

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>