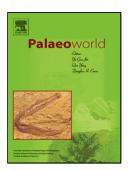
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Correlation of conodont and ammonoid successions across the Viséan– Serpukhovian boundary — a review of occurrences in the South Urals, Cantabrian Mountains, western Ireland and the Rhenish Mountains

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Abstract

Lochriea ziegleri is the conodont species that bears the highest potential to be the index for the base of Serpukhovian. Proposed phylogenetic lineages within the genus *Lochriea*, particularly the lineage *L. nodosa–L. ziegleri*, can be confirmed by the latest studies of the succession of the respective species in sections of north-western Ireland and the Rhenish Mountains of Germany; in these regions the first occurrence datum (FOD) of *L. ziegleri* is in the P2a zone or the comparable *Neoglyphioceras suerlandense* ammonoid zone. In the Cantabrian Mountains and the South Urals, the FODs of *L. ziegleri* are possibly located within ammonoid zones characterized by the

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