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Curtis A. Collins, Thomas A. Rago, Tetyana Margolina, Leonid Ivanov



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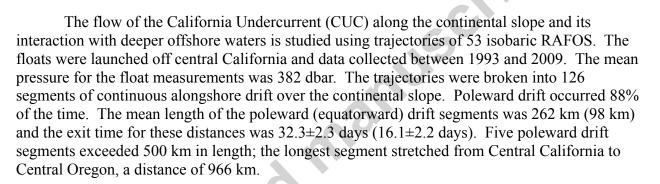
Lagrangian Observations of the Along-slope Path of the California

Undercurrent

Curtis A. Collins, Thomas A. Rago, Tetyana Margolina, Leonid Ivanov

Department of Oceanography, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California USA

Abstract



Locations where floats left or joined the along-slope flow occurred at most latitudes between $35.5^{\circ}N$ to $42.5^{\circ}N$; here the mean rate at which floats left (joined) along-slope drift was 5.3 (3.5) per 50 km of coastline each year. Locations favored for leaving the Undercurrent included the northern edge of the Gulf of the Farallones ($37.5^{\circ}N$) and between Cape Mendocino and Cape Blanco ($41.5^{\circ}N-42^{\circ}N$). A location favored for joining the Undercurrent was the northern edge of the Santa Lucia Bank ($35.5^{\circ}N$). No floats were observed to join the alongshore flow immediately north of Cape Mendocino ($40.5^{\circ}N-41^{\circ}N$).

Longer (>290 day) float missions often included offshore excursions into the Northeastern Pacific Ocean. Thirty-one westward excursions of the Undercurrent were observed with a mean duration of 88 days and a mean offshore distance of 199 km. The character of the excursions varied but included offshore and onshore transport in jets, cyclonic and anticyclonic eddies, and interaction with cold filaments. The longest excursion lasted 587 days and extended 1007 km to the west.

Abbreviations:

CUC, California Undercurrent ; CC, California Current; MUC, Mediterranean Undercurrent

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