



Forensic Anthropology Population Data

Diversity of dental patterns: Application on different ages using the Brazilian National Oral Health Survey

Maria Gabriela Haye Biazevic*, Natalie Haddad de Almeida, Edgard Crosato, Edgard Michel-Crosato

School of Dentistry, Universidade de São Paulo (FOSP), Departamento de Odontologia Social, Avenida Professor Lineu Prestes, 2227 05508-000 São Paulo-SP Brazil

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ABSTRACT

Methods of individual identification using human remains are widely used in forensic anthropology; however, there are few studies that use statistical methods in order to obtain a correct definition of parameters. The objectives of the study were to verify the diversity of dental patterns in the Brazilian population and analyse its application on different ages. Data from the Brazilian National Oral Health Survey were used to verify the presence and absence of dental treatment among 35,613 individuals of several age groups: 15–19, 35–44 and 65–74. Information referring to every dental element was described: rigid (H), decayed (D), filled (F), missing (M) and prosthesis (P). Coincidences that were observed in pairs of homologous teeth were analysed according to clinical situation, gender and age. Ordinary findings (presented in more than 10% of pairs) and extraordinary ones (presented in less than 10% of pairs) were described. Total and conditional diversity estimates were performed. Among adolescents, H were the most frequent teeth, and the first molar teeth were the ones presenting less frequency of H. Among adults, the frequency of M teeth among females ranged from 15.17% to 71.59%, and among males they ranged from 9.00% to 87.20%. Among the elderly, M teeth were observed in the largest frequency, and anterior teeth presented fewer losses than posterior ones. M was the condition that most coincided with both sides in the elderly. In adults, some pairs of teeth presented H, but mostly pairs of teeth presented as M. Among adolescents, there was more concordance of the H component. Among male and female adolescents, we observed extraordinary findings in DMFP dental conditions in most of the teeth. Among adults, the less frequent dental condition was P, which was found in several teeth. The extraordinary findings among elderly male teeth were codes H, D, F and P; among females, they were H, D, F and P codes. The high prevalence of healthy teeth in adolescents and a high rate of edentulism in the elderly interfered with the analysis performed. However, when an estimation of diversity that corrects those distortions was used, all of the groups presented satisfactory results that were homogeneous in the performed analysis.

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1. Introduction

Methods of individual identification using human remains are widely used in forensic anthropology. However, there are few studies that use statistical methods in order to obtain a correct definition of parameters [1]. The use of forensic dentistry refers to the use of dental records for positive identification or exclusion during a process of identification. Thus, it would be possible to determine whether the corpse studied belongs to a certain individual by means of comparative dental identification, when *ante* and *post mortem* dental records can be identified [2].

DNA analysis as well as the study of individual dental patterns and radiographies are used due to the large possibility of discovering extraordinary/rare findings in the population, that is, they have discriminant high value. Thus, dental patterns provide well-known instruments of comparison in human identification, which are on a similar scale to the mtDNA exam [3].

Thus, one of the greatest challenges of dental identification is having the largest number of similarities and the smallest number of discrepancies in order to obtain a positive identification in *antemortem* and *post mortem* records [4]. When dental comparisons are performed, knowledge of the clinical situation of every element is important. When discrepancies occur, they can be explained or the records can be definitely discarded as not belonging to the same individual even in the absence of radiographic records.

Keiser-Nielsen [5] explains that several factors must be considered in identification, and both quantitative and qualitative

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +55 11 30917891, fax: +55 11 30917874.

E-mail addresses: biazevic@usp.br (M.G.H. Biazevic), nataliehaddad@usp.br (N.H. de Almeida), ecrosato@usp.br (E. Crosato), michelcrosato@usp.br (E. Michel-Crosato).

Table 1

The distribution of teeth according to dental condition and age group in males.

Adolescent (male) ^a																
H	1211 (86,07)	4639 (67,81)	3266 (47,42)	5765 (84,28)	5769 (84,42)	6739 (96,59)	5942 (85,31)	5624 (80,63)	5600 (80,22)	5896 (84,64)	6735 (96,49)	5801 (84,79)	5756 (84,23)	3241 (47,11)	4584 (66,77)	1189 (86,10)
D	102 (7,25)	1275 (8,64)	1390 (20,18)	463 (6,77)	434 (6,35)	127 (1,82)	574 (8,24)	720 (10,32)	730 (10,46)	589 (8,46)	136 (1,95)	411 (6,01)	454 (6,64)	1479 (21,50)	1306 (19,02)	81 (5,87)
F	36 (2,56)	801 (11,71)	1758 (25,52)	502 (7,34)	475 (6,95)	69 (0,99)	347 (4,98)	498 (7,14)	513 (7,35)	367 (5,27)	70 (1,00)	481 (7,03)	506 (7,40)	1728 (25,12)	851 (12,40)	42 (3,04)
M	56 (3,98)	121 (1,77)	467 (6,78)	105 (1,54)	150 (2,19)	38 (0,54)	95 (1,36)	116 (1,66)	123 (1,76)	104 (1,49)	36 (0,52)	143 (2,09)	114 (1,67)	426 (6,19)	121 (1,76)	66 (4,78)
P	2 (0,14)	5 (0,07)	7 (0,10)	5 (0,07)	6 (0,09)	4 (0,06)	7 (0,10)	17 (0,24)	15 (0,21)	10 (0,14)	3 (0,04)	6 (0,09)	4 (0,06)	6 (0,09)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,22)
	18 (4,48)	17 (4,47)	16 (4,46)	15 (4,45)	14 (4,44)	13 (4,43)	12 (4,42)	11 (4,41)	21 (4,31)	22 (4,32)	23 (4,33)	24 (4,34)	25 (4,35)	26 (4,36)	27 (4,37)	28 (4,38)
H	1547 (84,21)	3579 (52,21)	2261 (32,87)	5871 (85,71)	6375 (92,79)	6924 (98,82)	6887 (98,33)	6858 (98,04)	6870 (98,06)	6885 (98,26)	6940 (99,04)	6391 (92,96)	5832 (85,06)	2264 (32,90)	3508 (51,06)	1541 (85,04)
D	138 (7,51)	1768 (25,79)	1525 (22,17)	393 (5,74)	162 (2,36)	48 (0,69)	76 (1,09)	89 (1,27)	89 (1,27)	75 (1,07)	34 (0,49)	169 (2,46)	425 (6,20)	1493 (21,69)	1860 (27,07)	130 (7,17)
F	70 (3,81)	1225 (17,87)	1878 (27,30)	454 (6,63)	261 (3,80)	21 (0,30)	22 (0,31)	36 (0,51)	36 (0,51)	33 (0,47)	22 (0,31)	237 (3,45)	474 (6,91)	1888 (27,43)	1225 (17,83)	67 (3,70)
M	79 (4,30)	280 (4,08)	1207 (17,55)	128 (1,87)	69 (1,00)	11 (0,16)	16 (0,23)	9 (0,13)	8 (0,11)	11 (0,16)	8 (0,11)	75 (1,09)	121 (1,76)	274 (17,93)	71 (3,99)	7 (3,92)
P	3 (0,16)	3 (0,04)	8 (0,12)	4 (0,06)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	4 (0,06)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,04)	3 (0,17)
Adult (male) ^a																
H	1175 (30,21)	1063 (24,49)	756 (17,42)	1254 (28,89)	1341 (30,96)	2358 (54,28)	1697 (39,12)	1470 (33,87)	1446 (33,33)	664 (19,92)	2355 (54,25)	1283 (29,56)	1260 (29,07)	761 (17,55)	1081 (24,92)	1149 (29,69)
D	467 (12,01)	527 (12,14)	424 (9,77)	464 (10,69)	431 (9,95)	416 (9,58)	434 (10,00)	452 (10,41)	490 (11,29)	432 (12,96)	370 (8,52)	475 (10,94)	427 (9,85)	448 (10,33)	509 (11,73)	436 (11,27)
F	501 (12,88)	1047 (24,12)	939 (21,64)	804 (18,52)	734 (16,94)	353 (8,13)	543 (12,52)	621 (14,79)	642 (14,31)	552 (16,56)	388 (8,94)	788 (18,16)	835 (19,26)	968 (22,32)	1028 (23,70)	470 (12,14)
M	1739 (44,70)	1683 (38,78)	2189 (50,44)	1787 (41,17)	1786 (41,23)	1178 (27,12)	1612 (37,16)	1704 (39,26)	1709 (39,39)	1620 (48,59)	1181 (27,21)	1754 (40,41)	1778 (41,01)	2135 (49,24)	1702 (39,23)	1811 (46,80)
P	8 (0,21)	20 (0,46)	32 (0,74)	32 (0,74)	40 (0,92)	39 (0,90)	52 (1,20)	72 (1,66)	73 (1,68)	66 (1,98)	47 (1,08)	40 (0,92)	35 (0,81)	24 (0,55)	18 (0,41)	4 (0,10)
	18 (4,48)	17 (4,47)	16 (4,46)	15 (4,45)	14 (4,44)	13 (4,43)	12 (4,42)	11 (4,41)	21 (4,31)	22 (4,32)	23 (4,33)	24 (4,34)	25 (4,35)	26 (4,36)	27 (4,37)	28 (4,38)
H	957 (24,65)	610 (14,10)	378 (8,75)	1631 (37,58)	2466 (56,73)	3481 (80,17)	3496 (80,66)	3512 (80,88)	3536 (81,46)	3508 (80,81)	3518 (80,97)	2476 (57,05)	1685 (38,81)	382 (8,83)	608 (14,05)	877 (22,62)
D	414 (10,66)	397 (9,17)	286 (6,62)	474 (10,92)	381 (8,76)	264 (6,08)	262 (6,05)	248 (5,71)	221 (5,09)	257 (5,92)	242 (5,57)	376 (8,66)	456 (10,50)	267 (6,17)	402 (9,29)	460 (11,86)
F	575 (14,81)	923 (21,33)	586 (13,56)	839 (19,33)	641 (14,75)	185 (4,26)	154 (3,55)	143 (3,29)	136 (3,13)	165 (3,80)	181 (4,17)	619 (14,26)	824 (18,98)	564 (13,04)	933 (21,56)	598 (15,42)
M	1929 (49,69)	2381 (55,03)	3057 (70,76)	1377 (31,73)	842 (19,37)	403 (9,28)	416 (9,60)	434 (10,00)	404 (10,16)	391 (9,31)	848 (9,00)	1354 (19,54)	3097 (31,18)	2363 (71,59)	1932 (54,60)	1932 (49,83)
P	7 (0,18)	16 (0,37)	13 (0,30)	19 (0,44)	17 (0,39)	9 (0,21)	6 (0,14)	5 (0,12)	7 (0,16)	7 (0,16)	13 (0,30)	21 (0,48)	23 (0,53)	16 (0,37)	22 (0,51)	10 (0,26)
Elderly (male) ^a																
H	152 (7,68)	178 (8,61)	119 (5,75)	182 (8,78)	201 (9,71)	359 (17,34)	250 (12,08)	253 (12,24)	251 (12,14)	261 (12,63)	353 (17,04)	207 (10,00)	217 (10,49)	141 (6,81)	153 (7,39)	123 (6,20)
D	81 (4,09)	86 (4,16)	97 (4,69)	107 (5,16)	117 (5,65)	152 (7,34)	137 (6,62)	143 (6,92)	138 (6,67)	131 (6,34)	152 (7,34)	141 (6,81)	109 (5,27)	93 (4,49)	103 (4,98)	91 (4,58)
F	42 (2,12)	90 (4,35)	70 (3,38)	58 (2,80)	58 (2,80)	45 (2,17)	57 (2,75)	49 (2,37)	53 (2,56)	52 (2,52)	39 (1,88)	61 (2,95)	59 (2,85)	75 (3,62)	88 (4,25)	39 (1,96)
M	1704 (86,10)	1704 (82,40)	1778 (85,89)	1715 (82,73)	1685 (81,44)	1496 (72,27)	1602 (77,43)	1609 (77,84)	1614 (78,05)	1613 (78,04)	1512 (73,01)	1651 (79,72)	1679 (81,15)	1751 (84,59)	1718 (83,04)	1731 (87,20)
P	0 (0,00)	10 (0,48)	6 (0,29)	11 (0,53)	8 (0,39)	18 (0,87)	23 (1,11)	13 (0,63)	12 (0,58)	10 (0,48)	15 (0,72)	11 (0,53)	5 (0,24)	10 (0,48)	7 (0,34)	1 (0,05)

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