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PII:	S1567-1348(18)30669-5
DOI:	doi:10.1016/j.meegid.2018.08.029
Reference:	MEEGID 3641
To appear in:	Infection, Genetics and Evolution
Received date:	15 February 2018
Revised date:	13 June 2018
Accepted date:	30 August 2018

Please cite this article as: Huimin Guo, Qiuhong Miao, Jie Zhu, Zhibiao Yang, Guangqing Liu, Isolation and molecular characterization of a virulent systemic feline calicivirus isolated in China. Meegid (2018), doi:10.1016/j.meegid.2018.08.029

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Isolation and molecular characterization of a virulent systemic feline calicivirus isolated in China

Huimin Guo^{a,1}, Qiuhong Miao^{a,1}, Jie Zhu^a, Zhibiao Yang^b, Guangqing Liu^{a,*} liugq@shvri.ac.cn ¹Shanghai Veterinary Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Shanghai, 200241, PR China

²Shanghai Key laboratory of Veterinary Biotechnology, School of Agriculture and Biology, Shanghai JiaoTong University, Shanghai, 200240, PR China

Corresponding author at: Shanghai Veterinary Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences, No. 518, Ziyue Road, Minhang District, Shanghai 200241, China.

Abstract

In this study, a virulent systemic (VS) feline calicivirus (FCV) strain, SH, was isolated from a household cat with severe systemic clinical signs, and its full-length genome was determined and analyzed. Through immunofluorescence assays (IFA) and western blotting assays, we found that FCV SH strain, like other isolates, can stably proliferate in Crandell feline kidney (CRFK) cells. Moreover, the typical morphology of FCV particles, with a diameter of about 35 nm, was observed using electron microscopy. The full-length genome of FCV strain SH was sequenced and determined to be 7,704 nucleotides (nt) in length with a 5'-terminal untranslated region (UTR) of 19 nt and a 3'-terminal UTR of 67 nt. Three open reading frames (ORF1, ORF2, and ORF 3) were found within the genome, coding for a polypeptide, a capsid precursor (VP1) and a minor structural protein (VP2), respectively. Amino acid sequence comparison revealed diversity (from

¹These authors contributed equally to this work.

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